UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA STATESVILLE DIVISION DOCKET NO. 5:17-cv-00036-FDW-DSC

JESSICA A. NICHOLAS,)	
Plaintiff,)	
vs.)	ORDER
THE H.T. HACKNEY CO.,)	
Defendant.)	
)	

THIS MATTER is before the Court on Defendant's Motion to Dismiss (Doc. No. 4), which has been fully briefed by the parties. In short, Defendant contends Plaintiff's complaint should be dismissed in its entirety for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. After reviewing the pleadings, as well as applicable law, the Court GRANTS IN PART and DENIES IN PART the motion to dismiss.

Plaintiff's complaint asserts three causes of action: (1) "Sex Discrimination" under Title VII, (Doc. No. 1, p. 7); (2) "Violation of the Fail [sic] Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended by the Equal Pay Act PF [sic] 1963 ('Equal Pay Act') . . . ," (Doc. No. 1, p. 8); and (3) "North Carolina Sex Discrimination," (Doc. No. 1, p. 10). Defendant has moved to dismiss all claims. In response, Plaintiff offered no argument or authority in opposition to Defendant's motion to dismiss her state law claim for sex discrimination. (See Doc. No. 12). After reviewing the pleadings and applicable law, the Court concludes that dismissal of this claim is appropriate for the reasons stated in Defendant's briefs supporting its motion to dismiss, (see Docs. Nos. 5, 13). As to Plaintiff's two claims under federal law, the Court shall deny the motion to dismiss those claims. Such denial

is without prejudice to the parties' ability to reassert their arguments in a dispositive motion

following discovery.

Finally, the Court notes Plaintiff's brief is wrought with incomplete and sometimes

inaccurate citations, many lacking pin point citation, leaving the Court to track down the case or

pinpoint location for authority relied on by Plaintiff. Such failure to provide full and accurate

citations hinders the Court's and opposing counsel's ability to efficiently and expeditiously review

the relevant legal authority and creates "unnecessary work for the Court " See Murray v. N.

Carolina Dep't of Pub. Safety, No. 1:14-CV-985, 2015 WL 11089742, at *2 (M.D.N.C. Feb. 19,

2015), aff'd, 611 F. App'x 166 (4th Cir. 2015). In the future, counsel should pay careful attention

to citations contained within briefs so as to clearly indicate reliance on legal authority.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendant's Motion to Dismiss (Doc. No. 4) is

GRANTED IN PART as to Plaintiff's claim for "North Carolina Sex Discrimination," (Doc. No.

1, p. 10, ¶¶ 56-63), and DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE IN PART as to Plaintiff's claims under

Title VII and the Equal Pay Act. This ruling is without prejudice to the parties' ability to reassert

their arguments in a dispositive motion following discovery

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Signed: March 7, 2018

Frank D. Whitney

Chief United States District Judge

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